

§ 2802.4 Application processing.

(a) The authorized officer shall acknowledge, in writing, receipt of the application and initial cost reimbursement payment required by subpart 2808 of this title. An application may be denied if the authorized officer determines that:

- (1) The proposed right-of-way or permit would be inconsistent with the purpose for which the public lands are managed;
- (2) That the proposed right-of-way or permit would not be in the public interest;
- (3) The applicant is not qualified;
- (4) The right-of-way or permit would otherwise be inconsistent with the act or other applicable laws; or
- (5) The applicant does not or cannot demonstrate that he/she has the technical or financial capacity.

(b) Upon receipt of the acknowledgment, the applicant may continue his or her occupancy of the public land pursuant to § 2802.1(d) of this title to continue to gather data necessary to perfect the application. However, if the applicant finds or the authorized officer determines that surface disturbing activities will occur in gathering the necessary data to perfect the application, the applicant shall file an application for a temporary use permit prior to entering into such activities on the public land.

(c) The authorized officer may require the applicant for a right-of-way grant to submit such additional information as he deems necessary for review of the application. All requests for additional information shall be in writing. Where the authorized officer determines that the information supplied by the applicant is incomplete or does not conform to the act or these regulations, the authorized officer shall notify the applicant of these deficiencies and afford the applicant an opportunity to file a correction. Where a deficiency notice has not been adequately complied with, the authorized officer may reject the application or notify the applicant of the continuing deficiency and afford the applicant an opportunity to file a correction.

(d) Prior to issuing a right-of-way grant or temporary use permit, the authorized officer shall:

- (1) Complete an environmental analysis in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969;
- (2) Determine compliance of the applicant's proposed plans with applicable Federal and State laws;
- (3) Consult with all other Federal, State, and local agencies having an interest, as appropriate; and
- (4) Take any other action necessary to fully evaluate and make a decision to approve or deny the application and prescribe suitable terms and conditions for the grant or permit.

(e) The authorized officer may hold public meetings on an application for a right-of-way grant or temporary use permit if he determines that such meetings are appropriate and that sufficient public interest exists to warrant the time and expense of such meetings. Notice of public meetings shall be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER or in local newspapers or in both.

(f) A right-of-way grant or temporary use permit need not conform to the applicant's proposal, but may contain such modifications, terms, stipulations or conditions, including changes in route or site location on public lands, as the authorized officer determines to be appropriate.

(g) No right-of-way grant or temporary use permit shall be in effect until the applicant has accepted, in writing, the terms and conditions of the grant or permit. Written acceptance shall constitute an agreement between the applicant and the United States that, in consideration of the right to use public lands, the applicant shall comply with all terms and conditions contained in the authorization and the provisions of applicable laws and regulations.

(h) The authorized officer may include in his/her decision to issue a grant a provision that shall be included in a right-of-way grant requiring that no construction on or use of the right-of-way shall occur until a detailed construction, operation, rehabilitation and environmental protection plan has been submitted to and approved by the authorized officer. This requirement

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may be imposed for all or any part of the right-of-way.

[45 FR 44526, July 1, 1980, as amended at 47 FR 12570, Mar. 23, 1982; 52 FR 25808, July 8, 1987]

§ 2802.5 Special application procedures.

(a) An applicant filing for a right-of-way within 4 years from the effective date of this subpart for an unauthorized right-of-way that existed on public land prior to October 21, 1976, is not:

(1) Required to reimburse the United States for the processing, monitoring or other costs provided for in subpart 2808 of this title.

(2) Required to pay rental fees for the period of unauthorized land use.

(b) In order to facilitate management of the public lands, any person or State or local government which has constructed public highways under the authority of R. S. 2477 (43 U.S.C. 932, repealed October 21, 1976) may file a map showing the location of such public highways with the authorized officer. Maps filed under this paragraph shall be in sufficient detail to show the location of the R. S. 2477 highway(s) on public lands in relation to State or county highway(s) or road(s) in the vicinity. The submission of such maps showing the location of R. S. 2477 highway(s) on public lands shall not be conclusive evidence as to their existence. Similarly, a failure to show the location of R. S. 2477 highway(s) on any map shall not preclude a later finding as to their existence.

[45 FR 44526, July 1, 1980, as amended at 47 FR 12570, Mar. 23, 1982; 47 FR 38806, Sept. 2, 1982; 52 FR 25808, July 8, 1987]

Subpart 2803—Administration of Rights Granted

§ 2803.1 General requirements.

§ 2803.1-2 Rental.

(a) The holder of a right-of-way grant or temporary use permit shall pay annually, in advance, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the fair market rental value as determined by the authorized officer applying sound business management principles and, so far as practicable and feasible, using

comparable commercial practices. Annual rent billing periods shall be set or adjusted to coincide with the calendar year (January 1 through December 31) by proration on the basis of 12 months; the initial month shall not be counted for right-of-way grants or temporary use permits having an anniversary date of the 15th or later in the month and the terminal month shall not be counted if the termination date is the 14th or earlier in the month. Rental shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c) of this section; *Provided, however,* That in those instances where the annual payment is \$100 or less, the authorized officer may require an advance lump sum payment for 5 years.

(b)(1) No rental shall be collected where:

(i) The holder is a Federal, State, or local government, or agency or instrumentality thereof, except parties who are using the space for commercial purposes, and municipal utilities and cooperatives whose principal source of revenue is customer charges;

(ii) The right-of-way was issued pursuant to a statute that did not or does not require the payment of rental; or

(iii) The facilities constructed on a site or linear right-of-way are or were financed in whole or in part under the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, or are extensions from such Rural Electrification Act financed facilities.

(2) The authorized officer may reduce or waive the rental payment under the following instances:

(i) The holder is a nonprofit corporation or association which is not controlled by or is not a subsidiary of a profit making corporation or business enterprise;

(ii) The holder provides without charge, or at reduced rates, a valuable benefit to the public or to the programs of the Secretary;

(iii) The holder holds an outstanding permit, lease, license or contract for which the United States is already receiving compensation, except under an oil and gas lease where the lessee is required to secure a right-of-way grant or temporary use permit under part 2880 of this title; and: